

Blood Borne Pathogen Training Quiz

Name: _____ Date: _____

- 1 - Which of the following are potentially infectious body fluid sources _____
- A – blood
 - B – saliva
 - C – vomit
 - D – all of the above
- 2 - Blood borne pathogens are microorganisms that _____
- A – do not cause disease.
 - B – travel by respiratory droplets and cause diseases.
 - C – coexist in our body with natural bacteria.
 - D – are carried in the blood and can cause diseases.
- 3 - Symptoms of Hepatitis B will occur _____
- A – 1-9 months after exposure
 - B – immediately after exposure
 - C – never, it is not an active infection
 - D – none of the above
- 4 - Incidents that may expose you to blood borne pathogens include _____
- A – giving CPR
 - B – cleaning up urine or vomit
 - C – handling of waste products
 - D – all of the above
- 5 - Personal Protective Equipment rules to remember include all of the following EXCEPT _____
- A – always check PPE for defects or tears before using
 - B – if PPE becomes torn or defective remove and get new
 - C – remove PPE before leaving a contaminated area
 - D – it is okay to reuse disposable equipment

- 6 - Regulated medical waste that goes into a red biohazard container _____
includes all of the following EXCEPT _____
- A – liquid or semi-liquid blood or other potentially infectious material (OPIM)
 - B – contaminated items that would release blood or OPIM when compressed
 - C – contaminated sharps
 - D – paper towels or medical gauze with light blood stains
- 7 - After an exposure you should _____
- A – wash your hands and/or the exposed area with rubbing alcohol
 - B – wash your hands and/or the exposed area with soap and water
 - C – cover the contaminated area with a dressing or towel
 - D – none of the above
- 8 - Hepatitis B vaccines are _____
- A – recommended but not paid for
 - B – recommended and paid for by the college at no cost to the employee
 - C – not recommended
 - D – none of the above
- 9 - Post-exposure evaluations take place at _____
- A – Concentra or a local ER
 - B – your own private doctor
 - C – not needed
 - D – a private OSHA facility
- 10 - Biohazard labels should be on _____
- A – containers of regulated biohazard waste
 - B – refrigerators or freezers containing blood or OPIM
 - C – containers used to store, transport, or ship blood or OPIM
 - D – all of the above

Note: Competencies less than 70% will be asked to review the presentation and retake the quiz.